The Zimmermann Telegram (1917)

On January 19, 1917, Alfred Zimmermann, Germany's foreign secretary, sent the following telegram to the German ambassador in Mexico. The telegram was intercepted by British intelligence agents, who transmitted it to President Wilson. The president subsequently made the contents available to the U.S. public. On February 3, Germany resumed unrestricted submarine warfare. At that point, the United States severed diplomatic relations with Germany and began to arm its merchant fleet. The contents of the telegram were made public on March 1, inflaming public sentiment. The United States declared war on Germany on April 6, 1917.

Berlin, January 19, 1917

On the first of February we intend to begin submarine warfare unrestricted. In spite of this, it is our intention to endeavor to keep neutral the United States of America.

If this attempt is not successful, we propose an alliance on the following basis with Mexico: That we shall make war together and together make peace. We shall give general financial support, and it is understood that Mexico is to reconquer[sic] the lost territory in New Mexico, Texas, and Arizona. The details are left to you for settlement....

You are instructed to inform the President of Mexico of the above in the greatest confidence as soon as it is certain that there will be an outbreak of war with the United States and suggest that the President of Mexico, on his own initiative, should communicate with Japan suggesting adherence at once to this plan; at the same time, offer to mediate between Germany and Japan.

Please call to the attention of the President of Mexico that the employment of ruthless submarine warfare now promises to compel England to make peace in a few months.

Zimmerman (Secretary of State)