

Let's try some examples using these theorems.

1. \overline{PA} and \overline{PB} are tangent segments from P. $PO = 17$, $OA = 8$, $m\angle APO = 28$. Find $m\angle POA$ and PB .

$$m\angle POA = 90 - 28$$

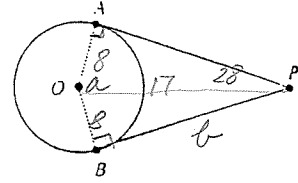
$$m\angle POA = 62$$

$$8^2 + b^2 = 17^2$$

$$b^2 = 225$$

$$b = 15$$

$$PB = 15$$



2. \overline{BC} is a tangent. $BC = 12$, $AC = 5$. Find BD .

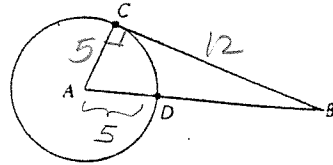
$$5^2 + 12^2 = (AB)^2$$

$$169 = (AB)^2$$

$$13 = AB$$

$$BD = 13 - 5$$

$$BD = 8$$



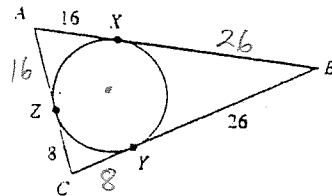
3. $\triangle ABC$ is a circumscribed triangle. Find the perimeter of $\triangle ABC$.

$$AB = 42$$

$$AC = 24$$

$$BC = 34$$

$$P = 100$$



4. Given: Each side of quadrilateral ABCD is tangent to the circle. $AB = 10$, $BC = 15$, $AD = 18$. Find CD .

$$CD = 23$$

Explore:

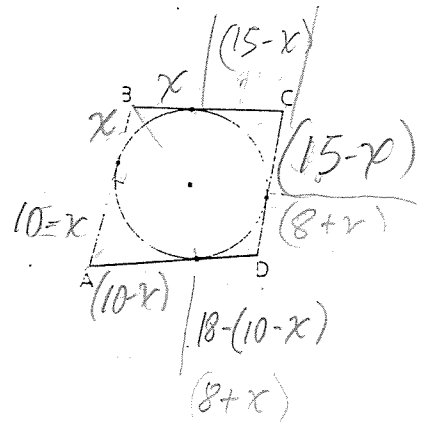
Try putting different values for x ,

$$CD = 23 \text{ always}$$

algebraically:

$$CD = 15 - x + 8 + x$$

$$CD = 23$$



class try